## **CLAIMS**

## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A speech model training technique for speech recognition, including the
- 5 following steps:
  - separating the inputted speech into a compact speech model with clean voice and an environmental interference model;
  - filtering out the environmental effects of the inputted speech according to the environmental interference model and obtaining a speech signal; and
- pluging the speech signal into the compact speech model and deriving a speech training model by using the discriminative training algorithm so as to provide the speech recognition device with the speech training model for subsequent speech recognition processing.
- 2. The speech model training technique for speech recognition as claimed in
  claim 1, wherein the signals of the environmental interference model include a channel signal and noise.
  - 3. The speech model training technique for speech recognition as claimed in claim 2, wherein the channel signal includes microphone channel effect.
- 4. The speech model training technique for speech recognition as claimed inclaim 2, wherein the channel signal includes the speaker bias.
  - 5. The speech model training technique for speech recognition as claimed in claim 1, wherein the discriminative training technique is a generalized probabilistic descent (GPD) training technique.
  - 6. The speech model training technique for speech recognition as claimed in

claim 1, wherein the step of separating the inputted speech is to compare the non-speech output of the Recurrent Neural Network (RNN) with a predetermined threshold to detect the non-speech frames, and then apply the non-speech frames for calculating the on-line noise model.

- 7. The speech model training technique for speech recognition as claimed in claim 1, wherein the step of filtering out the environmental effects is performing by a filter.
  - 8. The speech model training technique for speech recognition as claimed in claim 1, wherein the step of filtering out the environmental effects further includes the following steps:

10

15

20

employing the state-based Wiener filtering method to process the inputted speech so that the compact speech model can become an enhanced speech;

converting the enhanced speech into a Cepstrum Domain to estimate the channel bias by the signal bias compensation (SBR) method and then converting the compact speech model into a bias-compensated speech model; and

employing the parallel model combination (PMC) method and the on-line noise model to convert the bias-compensated speech model into noise- and bias-compensated speech models.

9. The speech model training technique for speech recognition as claimed in claim 8, wherein the signal bias-compensated method is to employ a codebook to encode the feature vectors of the enhanced state-based speech and then calculate the average encoding residuals, wherein the codebook is

formed by collecting the mean vectors of mixture components in the compact speech models.